

## 7021/7023 BuckPlus

Wide Range LED Power Module

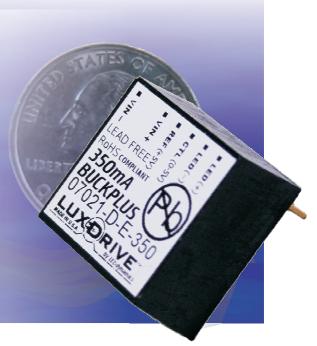
### **Product Overview**

The 7021 and 7023 BuckPlus LED Power Modules are a line of true current regulated drivers for powering LEDs. The BuckPlus line of LED drivers are the ideal choice for powering all types of highbrightness and high-power LED Packages and LED arrays.

The line of BuckPlus LED drivers exhibit high efficiency and require no external current limiting resistors or additional heat sinking for operation. A fast response current-sensing circuit makes the 7021 and 7023 ideal for applications where flashing or strobe operation of the LED(s) is required.

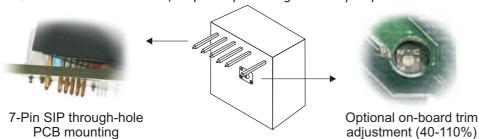
A wide range of options are available including external dc analog voltage intensity control, TTL/CMOS logic level on/off control ("E" Version), and set-and-forget internal current limiting ("I" Version). The standard units are fully potted in an extremely small form factor\* and are provided with a simple 7 pin SIP connection for through-hole PCB mounting (7021) or 6" 24AWG Colored Leads (7023).

The 7021 and 7023's built-in regulated 5V reference (E and I versions) can provide output to power logical circuitry or microprocessor, eliminating the need for an additional power supply on the circuit board.



### **Features**

- DC input voltage up to 32V
- 350mA, 500mA, 700mA, or 1.0A constant current output\*
- Extremely small form factor\* (0.83"x0.83"x0.43")
- Simple 7-pin SIP connection for through-hole PCB mounting or use with optional wiring harness (7021) or permanently attached wires
- External analog/digital intensity control (TTL compatible)
- Optional external potentiometer intensity control (0-100%)
- Optional on-board trim adjustment (40-110%)
- Output short circuit protection up to 15 seconds
- Output open circuit protection
- Pulse and strobe capable (control input)
- Built-in 5V reference/output to power logic circuitry or µProcessor



### \* - Custom units can be designed for OEM applications - Contact LuxDrive for more information

## **Typical Applications**

- Solar & Landscape Lighting
- **Architectural Lighting**
- Track Lighting
- Automotive & Marine Lighting
- Portable Lighting & Flashlights
- Point of Purchase Lighting
- Desk & Reading Lamps
- Signal & marker Lighting
- Flashing & Strobe Lighting
- Cabinet & Display Case Lighting
- Sign & Channel Letters
- Much More...





### **Part Number Identification Table**

Part Number	DC Input	On-Board Trim	Control/ Dimming	Connection Type
7021-D-N-XXXX	5-32V	no	no	7-Pin SIP (4 Pins)
7021-D-E-XXXX	7-32V	no	yes	7-Pin SIP (6 Pins)
7021-D-I-XXXX	7-32V	yes	yes	7-Pin SIP (6 Pins)
7023-D-N-XXXX	5-32V	no	no	4 Wires
7023-D-E-XXXX	7-32V	no	yes	6 Wires

XXXX - Output current rating in milliamperes (mA): 350, 500, 700, 1000 or special order factory custom rating

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Input Voltage	2 <b>V</b> <sub>DC</sub>
Output Voltage	$V_{DC}$
Control Pin Voltage	LOV
Reference regulator current (5V <sub>pc</sub> ) Output 20	mΑ

## **Typical Characteristics**

Output tolerance (within specified temp. range	e) ±10%
Efficiency	95%
Input Voltage Minimum	$5V_{DC}$ (N), $7V_{DC}$ (E or I)
Input Margin (350mA unit <sup>1</sup> , add to LED Vf MAX).	2.5V <sub>DC</sub>

### **PINOUT**

LED + LED -

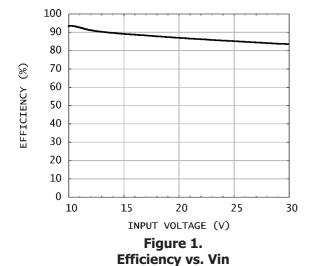
Ctrl Ref

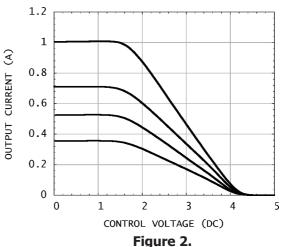
Vin+

Vin-



Bottom View





Output current vs. control voltage

<sup>1 -</sup> Margin increases with higher current units



### **Specifications**

Output current, 7021-x-x-350, 7023-x-x-350       350mA¹         Output current, 7021-x-x-500, 7023-x-x-500       500mA¹         Output current, 7021-x-x-700, 7023-x-x-700       700mA¹         Output current, 7021-x-x-1000, 7023-x-x-1000       1000mA¹
Control Pin, adjustment threshold 1.65 V $\pm 5\%$ Control Pin, shutoff threshold 4.2 V $\pm 5\%$ Control Pin, propagation delay to output < 15 $\mu s$ Control Pin, input impedance 1.5k ohm Reference voltage ( $V_{in} = 7V$ or greater) 5 $V_{DC} \pm 5\%^2$ Optional trim pot adjustment range 40%-110% <sup>2</sup> External pot adjustment range 0%,1-100% <sup>2</sup> Maximum flash frequency 10 kHz Minimum strobe pulse width 50 $\mu s$ Output rise time $000000000000000000000000000000000000$
Operating temperature (Tcase)

### **Application Information**

#### **Description**

The 7021/7023 Wide Range LED Power Module is a high efficiency dc to dc converter which delivers a fixed output current by varying the output voltage as required to maintain the specified current. A fast response current-sensing circuit permits the unit to be used in applications where flashing or pulsing of the LEDs is required. Several options are available allowing for use with many types of LEDs and in a variety of operating modes

#### **Fixed Current Drive**

The fixed output versions of the 7021/7023 are designed to supply their rated current to one or more LED junctions. For example, a 350 mA rated unit will drive up to six white 350mA LEDs connected in series at 24VDC. Due to the nature of the buck regulator, the input voltage must always be higher than the total forward voltage drop of the LED junction(s) connected in series (2.5V). Thus, for a series string of six junctions having an average forward drop of 3.5V, the required minimum input voltage will be  $21V_{DC}$ . A standard  $24V_{DC}$  power supply is a good choice for this application.

Figures 3 through 6 show 700mA and 1000mA rated units driving multiple LEDs. Note that parallel strings of LEDs can be driven directly with no additional circuitry required to insure current sharing. The nature of the LEDs themselves will provide sufficient current sharing if the parallel strings comprise 3 or more junctions each.

<sup>1 -</sup> Measured with single emitter; output current drops slightly with additional series junctions to limit maximum power dissipation.

 $<sup>2 - \</sup>text{When } V_{IN} > 5.25V$ 

<sup>3 -</sup> Actual value varies greatly based on input and/or output voltages. Value shown is for V<sub>pt</sub>=24V<sub>pc</sub>, V<sub>oum</sub>=20V<sub>pc</sub> LED load. Actual values will be smaller in most applications.



### Adjustable Current - On-Board Control - "I" Model

Where the ability to adjust the output current to an intermediate value is required, all output current ratings are available with an on-board potentiometer. This permits the output current to be varied from approximately 40% to 110% of the rated value. When measuring the output is required to determine a particular set point, the following method is recommended:

Temporarily place a 0.1 ohm, 1% resistor in series with the LED+ output. Read the voltage across the 0.1 ohm resistor.

The voltage, in millivolts X 10, will equal the output current in mA.

Because there is a small, high-frequency component in the 7021/7023 output, many multi-meters will give an incorrect reading when used in the current mode. It has been found that the method described above yields a far more accurate measurement.

The potentiometers used for the on-board adjustable units are rated for a limited number of rotations (typically 100) and are intended for "set it and forget it" applications. Where frequent adjustments of output current are needed, the use of units with external adjustment capabilities is recommended.

### Adjustable Current - External Control - "E" Model

Figure 9 and 10 show external adjustment configurations. Both use a 5Kohm, linear taper potentiometer. In Figure 9, the potentiometer is connected between the internal  $5V_{DC}$  reference (Ref) output and the control (Ctrl) input. When using this configuration, it is important that Vin be  $7V_{DC}$  or higher. Figure 10 shows the control potentiometer being powered by an external  $5V_{DC}$  source. When using an external power source for the potentiometer, the source ground must be common to the LED- output pin. In either configuration, connect the potentiometer such that clockwise rotation increases the resistance. Note that because the current through the potentiometer is less than 5mA, a low power potentiometer may be used.

#### **External On/Off Control**

Where a manual on/off control is desired, the potentiometer in Figures 9 and 10 may be replaced by a pushbutton or toggle switch. The output current will be zero when the switch is closed. Figures 11 and 12 show external dimming control combined with on/off control. The circuit in Figure 12 uses a 2N4403 or equivalent PNP switching transistor.

### **External Pulse/Strobe Control**

Figures 13 and 14 show two methods for low speed pulsing or high speed flashing operation. In Figure 13, a TTL/CMOS logic signal is applied directly to the control (Ctrl) input of the 7021/7023. The output current will be zero when the control signal is high. Note that the input needs to source a minimum of  $4.75V_{DC}$  into a 1Kohm input impedance. Also, as is the case with a dc control signal, the logic input ground should to be common to the LED- output terminal.

Figure 14 shows an inverted input configuration using a 2N4403 or other PNP switching transistor. In this case, a logic high will cause the output to be "on". In either configuration, the rise time of the output will be  $10\mu$  sec or less. A pulse frequency up to  $10\mu$  may be used.



### **Microprocessor Control**

Figure 15 shows a typical interface for a microchip PIC or similar  $\mu$ controller. The reference output provides the operating voltage for the processor (up to 20mA current).

### **Other Control Applications**

In addition to the configurations described above, the 7021/7023 may also be driven by a D to A converter. As in the cases above, the analog control signal should have its ground common to LED-. Figure 2 shows the effective control range of the analog input signal.

#### **Connections**

In all cases, the LEDs being driven should be located as close to the 7021/7023 LED output as possible. When the use of long leads is required, use heavier gauge wire. For strobe or pulse applications, a wire length not exceeding 6" should be used to maintain accurate timing.

The power input wires/traces should also be kept short. Where DC input units are located more than 18" from the source, a 220µF, 50V capacitor should be placed across the input terminals as shown in Figure 17.

For applications where the use of header pins is inconvenient, a mating connector with 6" leads is available as an accessory, or the 7023 part number may be used, which is supplied with 6" colored leads.

**7021HN** - Harness for "N" type (4-wire) **7021HE** - Harness for "E" & "I" type (6-wire)

**7021HEP** - Harness for "E" & "I" w/pot (6-wire w/pot)

## **Application Figures**

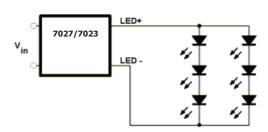


Figure 3. 700mA unit driving 6 High Power LEDs (VIN  $\geq$  12VDC)

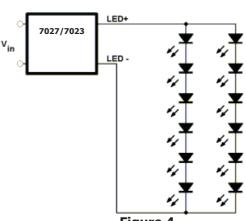


Figure 4.
700mA unit driving 12 High Power LEDs (VIN > 24VDC)



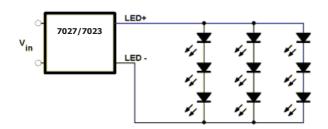


Figure 5. 1000mA unit driving nine High Power LEDs at 1W each (VIN > 12VDC)

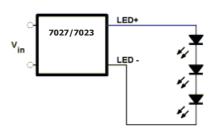


Figure 6. 1000mA unit driving three High Power LEDs at 3W each (VIN  $\geq$  12VDC)

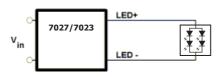


Figure 7. 700mA unit driving one Luxeon\* V emitter (VIN > 8VDC)

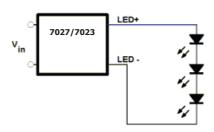


Figure 8. 700mA unit driving three High Power LEDs at 2W each (VIN  $\geq$  12VDC)

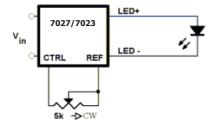


Figure 9. **External potentiometer using internal** reference

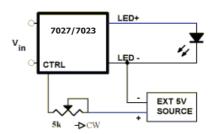


Figure 10. **External potentiometer using external voltage** source

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^*}$  - Luxeon is a registered trademark of LumiLEDs Corporation



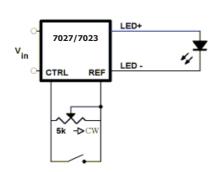


Figure 11. External dimming plus ON/OFF control with switch closure

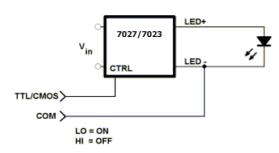


Figure 13. Pulse/Strobe input 5V=OFF

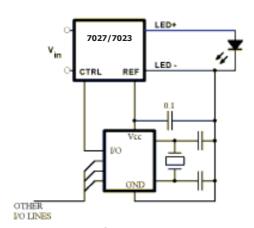


Figure 15. Interface to PIC or other microcontroller

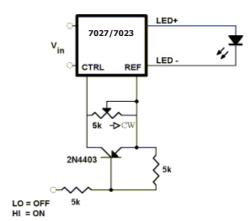


Figure 12. External dimming plus ON/OFF control with logic level input

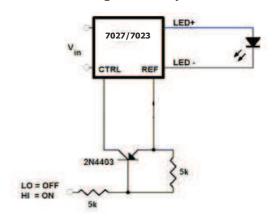


Figure 14. Pulse/Strobe input 5V=ON

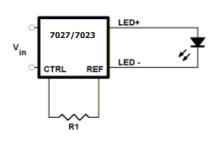


Figure 16. Using resistor for fixed current reduction Output is approximately: %IOUT = R1/50



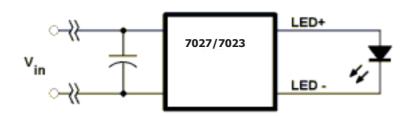
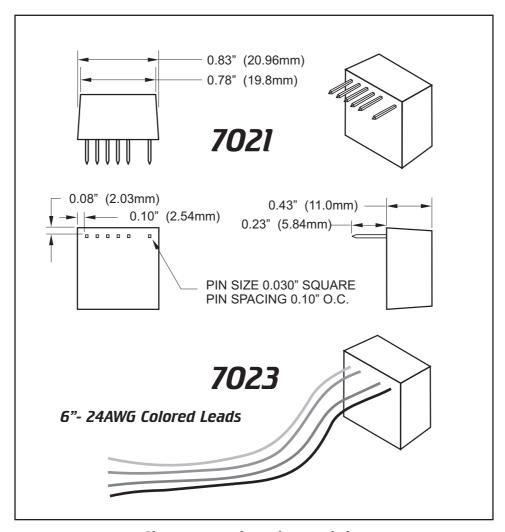


Figure 17.

Place a capacitor across the input terminals when the distance to the DC power source is greater than 18 inches

## **Physical Dimensions**



Shown approximately actual size