

3.3V 2.2W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module

PRODUCTION DATASHEET

DESCRIPTION

The LXMG1617A-03-2xTM is a Single Output 2.2W Direct DriveTM CCFL (Cold the system battery or AC adapter directly Cathode Fluorescent Lamp) Inverter to high frequency, high-voltage waves Module designed for driving LCD required to ignite and operate CCFL backlight lamps. It is ideal for driving lamps. A 5V input inverter is also typical 3.9" to 6.4" TFT panels.

LXMG1617A modules provide the designer with a superior display brightness the newer highly integrated LX1691B range. This brightness range is achievable CCFL backlight controller to provide with virtually any LCD display.

externally programmable over a range of 3.5 to 5mA in 0.5mA steps (PanelMatch) to allow the inverter to properly match to a wide array of LCD panel lamp current topology include stable fixed-frequency specifications. The modules include a operation, secondary-side strike voltage dimming input that permits brightness regulation and both open/shorted lamp control from a DC voltage source, a PWM protection with fault timeout. signal or an external potentiometer.

The resultant "burst drive" that no premature lamp degradation replacement (see BRITE minimum input occurs, while allowing significant power voltage level and Burst Frequency) for savings at lower dim levels.

energizes the lamp was designed to ensure higher

The modules convert DC voltage from available (LXMG1617A-05-2x).

The LXMG1617A modules integrate wider dimming range (typically 100:1+) The maximum output current is and wider temperature range (-30°C to 80°C) compared to the existing solutions offered by Microsemi.

Other benefits of the inverter's

The new LXMG1617A ("A Series") that modules are designed therefore as a performance near those customers and applications currently using the LXMG1617 inverters.

IMPORTANT: For the most current data, consult MICROSEMI's website: http://www.microsemi.com Protected by U.S. Patents: 5,923,129; 5,930,121; 6,198,234 Patents Pending

KEY FEATURES

- **Externally Programmable** Maximum Output Current
- Easy to Use Brightness Control
- Output Short-Circuit Protection and Automatic Strike-Voltage Regulation and Timeout
- RangeMAX Wide Range Dimming (typ. 100:1+)
- Rated From -30°C to 80°C
- UL60950 E175910
- **RoHS Compliant**

APPLICATIONS

- Medical Instrument Displays
- Portable Instrumentation (GPS, etc.)
- **Industrial Display Controls**

BENEFITS

- Smooth, Flicker Free Full-Range Brightness Control
- Programmable Output Current Allows Inverter to Mate with a Wide Variety of LCD Panel's Specifications
- Output Open Circuit Voltage Regulation Minimizes Corona Discharge For High Reliability

PRODUCT HIGHLIGHT

UNIVERSAL DIMMING INPUT "PWM", VDC, OR POTENTIOMETER DC Voltage **PWM** Potentiomete Source SELECTABLE MAXIMUM OUPUT CURRENT 3.5MARMS TO 5MARMS

•	PACKAGE ORDER INFO						
	PART NUMBER	OUTPUT CONNECTOR	INVERTER MATES DIRECTLY TO PANEL CONNECTORS				
	LXMG1617A-03-21	JST SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB (LF)(SN), Yeon Ho 20015WR-05A00 or equivalent	JST BHR-03VS-1				
	LXMG1617A-03-22	JST SM02B-BHSS-1-TB (LF)(SN), Yeon Ho 35001WR-02A00 or equivalent	JST BHSR-02VS-1				



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PRODUCTION DATASHEET

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (R.C.)

This module has been designed to operate over a wide range of input and output conditions. However, best efficiency and performance will be obtained if the module is operated under the condition listed in the 'R.C.' column. Min. and Max. columns indicate values beyond which the inverter, although operational, may not function optimally.

Parameter	Symbol	Recommended Operating Conditions			Units	
i didiletei	Gymbol	Min	R.C.	Max	Office	
Input Supply Voltage Range (Fully Regulated Lamp Current)	V _{IN}	3	3.3	3.6	V	
Input Supply Voltage Range (Functional)		3		4.2		
Output Power	Po			2.2	W	
Linear BRITE Control Input Voltage Range ¹	V _{BRT ADJ}	0		2.0	V	
Lamp Operating Voltage	V_{LAMP}	325	380	435*	V_{RMS}	
Lamp Current (Full Brightness)	IOLAMP	3.5		5.0 [†]	mA _{RMS}	
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T _A	-30		80	°C	

¹ The BRITE minimum input voltage level is 0V, whereas it is 0.5V in the original LXMG1617-03-2x inverter.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The following specifications apply over the recommended operating condition and ambient temperature of 0°C to 60°C except where otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	LXMG1617A-03-2x			Units
Farameter	Symbol	rest conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Ullits
OUTPUT PIN CHARACTERISTICS						
Full Bright Lamp Current	I _{L(MAX)}	$V_{BRT_ADJ} \ge 2.0V$, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, $V_{IN} = 3.3V$ $I_{SET1} = Ground$, $I_{SET2} = Ground$	3.0	3.5	4.0	mA _{RMS}
Full Bright Lamp Current	I _{L(MAX)}	$V_{BRT_ADJ} \ge 2.0V$, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, $V_{IN} = 3.3V$ $I_{SET1} = Ground$, $I_{SET2} = Open$	3.5	4.0	4.5	mA _{RMS}
Full Bright Lamp Current	I _{L(MAX)}	$V_{BRT_ADJ} \ge 2.0V$, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, $V_{IN} = 3.3V$ $I_{SET1} = Open$, $I_{SET2} = Ground$	4.0	4.5	5.0	mA _{RMS}
Full Bright Lamp Current	I _{L(MAX)}	$V_{BRT_ADJ} \ge 2.0V$, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, $V_{IN} = 3.3V$ $I_{SET1} = Open$, $I_{SET2} = Open$	4.5	5	5.5	mA _{RMS}
Min. Average Lamp Current	I _{L(MIN)}	$V_{BRT_ADJ} = 0V$, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, $V_{IN} = 3.3V$ $I_{SET1} = I_{SET2} = Gnd$, $I_{L(MIN)} = I_{L(MAX)} * \sqrt{Min Duty Ratio}$		0.4		mA _{RMS}
Lamp Start Voltage	V_{LS}	-30°C < T _A < 80°C, V _{IN} > 3V	1000	1200		V_{RMS}
Operating Frequency	f _O	$V_{BRT_ADJ} = 2V, \overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V, V_{IN} = 3.3V$	85	90	94	kHz
Burst Frequency ²	f _{BURST}	Output Burst Frequency	332	352	368	Hz

² The Burst Frequency of the LXMG1617A-03-2x is twice that of the original LXMG1617-03-2x inverter.

^{*}Total output power must not exceed 2.2W. Higher voltage lamps may require maximum output current to be set lower than 5mA_{RMS}

[†]At input voltages below 3.6V the inverter may not be able to output the full 5mA_{RMS} in all configurations.



3.3V 2.2W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module

PRODUCTION DATASHEET

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

The following specifications apply over the recommended operating condition and ambient temperature of 0° C to 60° C except where otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	LXMC	LXMG1617A-03-2x		
Farailletei	Syllibol	rest conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
BRITE INPUT						
Input Current	I _{BRT}	$V_{BRT_ADJ} = 0V$		-13		μA
·		$V_{BRT_ADJ} = 3V$		0		μA
Minimum Input for Max. Lamp Current	V _{BRT_ADJ}	I _{O(LAMP)} = Maximum Lamp Current		1.9	2.0	V
Maximum Input for Min. Lamp Current ³	V_{BRT_ADJ}	I _{O(LAMP)} = Minimum Lamp Current	0			V
Minimum PWM Input Frequency	F_{BRT_PWM}		2			kHz
SLEEP BAR INPUT						
RUN Mode	V _{SLEEP}		2.0			V
SLEEP Mode	V _{SLEEP}		-0.3		0.8	V
SET _{1,2} INPUT						
SET _{1,2} Low Threshold	V_L			0		V
Input Current	I _{SET}	V _{SET} = 0V		-120		μA
POWER CHARACTERISTICS						
Sleep Current	I _{IN(MIN)}	V _{IN} = 3.3V, <u>SLEEP</u> ≤ 0.8V		4	10	μΑ
Run Current	I _{RUN}	V_{IN} = 3.3V, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, I_{SET1} = Open I_{SET2} = Ground, V_{LAMP} = 380 V_{RMS}		690		mA
Typical Efficiency	η	V_{IN} = 3.3V, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, I_{SET1} = Open I_{SET2} = Ground, V_{LAMP} = 380 V_{RMS}		75		%

³ The BRITE minimum input voltage level is 0V, whereas it is 0.5V in the original LXMG1617-03-2x inverter.

FUNCTIONAL PIN DESCRIPTION								
CONN	Pin	DESCRIPTION						
CN1 (Molex 53261-0871 or equivalent) Mates with 51021-0800 housing, 50079-8100 pins. Mates with LX9501G input cable assembly								
CN1-1	V _{IN}	Main Input Power Supply (3V < V _{IN} < 3.6V)						
CN1-2	VIN	Wall librar ower supply (ov <u>s</u> v _{IN} <u>s</u> 5.60)						
CN1-3	GND	Power Supply Return						
CN1-4	GND	rower Supply Neturn						
CN1-5	SLEEP	ON/OFF Control. (0V < SLEEP ≤ 0.8V = OFF, SLEEP ≥ 2.0V = ON						
CN1-6	BRITE	Brightness Control (0 V to 2.0V). 2.0V gives maximum lamp current.						
CN1-7	SET ₁	SET ₁ MSB Connecting this pin to ground decreases the output current (see Table 1)						
CN1-8 SET ₂ SET ₂ LSB Connecting this pin to ground decreases the output current (see Table 1)								
CN2 for LXMG1617A-03-21 and -22 (JST SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB(LF)(SN); Yeon Ho 20015WR-05A00 or SM02B-BHSS-1-TB (LF)(SN); Yeon Ho 35001WR-02A00) or equivalent								
CN2-1	V _{HI}	High voltage connection to high side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with shortest lead length. DO NOT connect to Ground.						
CN2-2	V _{LO}	Connection to low side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with longer lead length. DO NOT connect to Ground.						



3.3V 2.2W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module

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TABLE 1

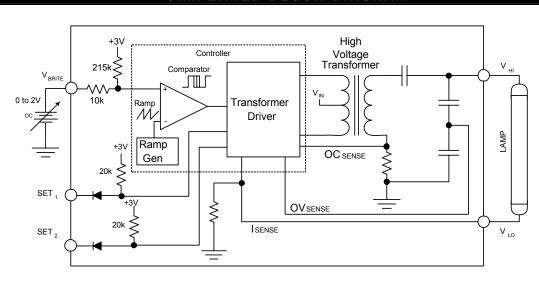
OUTPUT CURRENT SETTINGS

SET₁ (Pin 7)	SET ₂ (Pin 8)	Nominal Output Current
Open*	Open*	5.0mA
Open*	Ground	4.5mA
Ground	Open*	4.0mA
Ground	Ground	3.5mA

^{*} If driven by a logic signal it should be open collector or open drain only, not a voltage source.

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS LXMG1617A-03-2X 86mm 3.39in MOUNTING HOLE 71mm 2 80in DIA Warning CN1 High Voltage is present at high 16mm 3.5mm CN2 side of transformer, its core 0.138in. and the high side of the output connector, please provide at least 2 mm clearance (in all GROUNDED MOUNTING directions) on the component HOLE 2.44MM ±0.08 DIA side of the board to any 60mm ±0.2mm conductor when mounting 2.36in 0.8mm ±0.1 4.7mm Max 0.0315in. 0.185in PCB tolerances ± 0.5mm, M2 or 2-56 recommended mounting screws Weight: (5.7g) typ. All dimensions are in millimeters, inches are for reference only

SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM





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PRODUCTION DATASHEET

TYPICAL APPLICATION

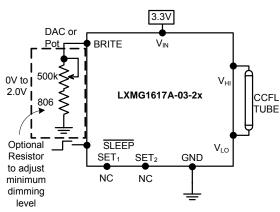


Figure 1 – Brightness Control (Output current set to maximum)

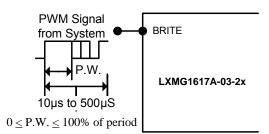


Figure 1A – PWM Brightness Control

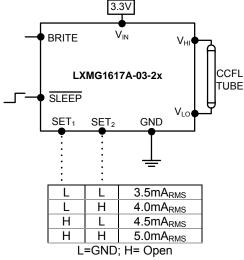


Figure 2 – Max Output Current (SET₁ and SET₂ Inputs)

- The brightness control may be a voltage output DAC or other voltage source, a digital pot or 500k manual pot. The inverter contains an internal 215k pull-up to 3V to bias the pot, it may be necessary to add a small value resistor in series with the ground side of the POT to set the lower threshold voltage above the absolute minimum dim level capability, especially when both SET pins are programmed low. A 3.3V Logic Level PWM signal from a microcontroller may also be used as shown in Figure 1A.
- If you need to turn the inverter ON/OFF remotely, connect to TTL logic signal to the SLEEP input.
- Connect V_{HI} to high voltage wire from the lamp. Connect V_{LO} to the low voltage wire (wire with thinner insulation). Never connect V_{LO} to circuit ground as this will defeat lamp current regulation. If both lamp wires have heavy high voltage insulation, connect the longest wire to V_{LO} . This wire is typically white.
- Use the SET₁ and SET₂ (see Figure 2) inputs to select the desired maximum output current. Using these two pins in combination allows the inverter to match a wide variety of panels from different manufacturers. Generally the best lamp lifetime correlates with driving the CCFL at the manufacture's nominal current setting. However the SET₁ and SET₂ inputs allow the user the flexibility to adjust the current to the maximum allowable output current to increase panel brightness at the expense of some reduced lamp life.
- Although the SET pins are designed such that just leaving them open or grounding them is all that is needed to set the output current, they can also be actively set. Using an open collector or open drain logic signal will allow you to reduce the lamp current for situations where greater dim range is required, as an example in nighttime situations. conjunction with a light sensor or other timer the panel could be set to higher brightness (maximum output current) for daytime illumination and lower brightness (minimum or typical output current) at nighttime. Since the dim ratio is a factor of both the burst duty cycle and the peak output current, using this technique the effective dim ratio can be increased greater than the burst duty cycle alone. Conversely, the SET inputs could be used to overdrive the lamp temporarily to facilitate faster lamp warm up at initial lamp turn on. Of course any possible degradation on lamp life from such practices is the user's responsibility since not all lamps are designed to be overdriven.
- The inverter has a built in fault timeout function. If the output is open (lamp disconnected or broken) or shorted the inverter will attempt to strike the lamp up to about one second, after which (without success) the inverter will shutdown, in this mode the inverter will draw about 8mA from VIN. In order to restart the inverter it is necessary to toggle the sleep input or cycle the $V_{\rm IN}$ input supply.



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PRODUCTION DATASHEET

NOTES

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