

LXMG1626-05-46

5V Dual 6W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module

#### **PRODUCTION DATASHEET**

## DESCRIPTION

Output Direct Drive CCFL (Cold Cathode lamps in the LCD fails open, the second Fluorescent Lamp) Inverter Module lamp will continue to operate with a specifically designed to be compatible FAULT signal toggling to indicate the with variety of LCD panels that have both failed condition, StayLit<sup>TM</sup> feature. lamps on one side of the panel and use a single common lamp return wire.

designer with a superior display brightness typically (100:1+) dimming application. range. This brightness range is achievable with virtually any LCD display.

The modules are available with a dimming input that permits brightness control from either, a DC voltage source, significant power savings at lower dim a PWM signal or external potentiometer.

The maximum output current is externally programmable (through the highly integrated LX1691B backlight input connector) at either 10mA or 12mA (5mA or 6mA per lamp). This allows the inverter to match the panel's lamp current high frequency, high-voltage waves specifications, or it can be used to purposely drive the lamps at a lower or higher current to decrease or increase nominal brightness. The inverter also has are stable fixed-frequency operation, a dedicated FAULT pin that indicates an secondary-side strike-voltage regulation open/shorted lamp condition.

The LXMG1626-05-46 is a Dual 6W In addition when only one of the two

RangeMAX Digital Dimming Technique provides flicker-free LXMG1626 modules provide the brightness control in any wide range

The resultant "burst drive" that energizes the lamp is designed specifically to ensure that no premature lamp degradation occurs, while allowing levels.

The design utilizes Microsemi's controller to convert DC voltage from the system battery or AC adapter directly to required to ignite and operate CCFL lamps.

Other benefits of this new topology and both open/shorted lamp protection with fault timeout.

## **KEY FEATURES**

- Externally Programmable
- Maximum Output Current Easy to Use Brightness Control
- RangeMAX Wide Range Dimming
- **Output Open & Short-Circuit** Protection and Automatic Strike-Voltage Regulation and Timeout
- StayLit™ Continued Operation with Single Open Lamp Failure
- **Fixed Frequency Operation**
- Fault Output Signal
- Rated From -30 to 80°C
- **RoHS** Compliant
- UL60950 E175910

#### APPLICATIONS

- Dual Lamp LCD's Requiring a
- Shared Common Lamp Return
- Mates to a Single JST BHR-04VS-1 Lamp Connector
- Industrial Display Controls

### BENEFITS

- Smooth, Flicker Free 1%-100% Full-Range Brightness Control
- Programmable Output Current Allows Inverter to Mate with a Wide Variety of LCD Panel's Specifications
- Output Open Circuit Voltage Regulation Minimizes Corona Discharge For High Reliability

IMPORTANT: For the most current data, consult MICROSEMI's website: http://www.microsemi.com Protected By U.S. Patents: 5,923,129; 5,930,121; 6,198,234; Patents Pending



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## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Input Signal Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	-0.3V to 6V
Input Power	8W
Output Voltage, no load	Internally Limited to 1500V <sub>RMS</sub>
Output Current (per lamp)	6.6mA <sub>RMS</sub> (Internally Limited)
Output Power	6W
Input Signal Voltage (SLEEP Input)	-0.3V to 5.5V
Input Signal Voltage (BRITE)	-0.3V to 5.5V
Ambient Operating Temperature, zero airflow	-30°C to 80°C
Operating Relative Humidity, non-condensing	≤90%
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to 85°C

Exceeding these ratings could cause damage to the device. All voltages are with respect to Ground. Currents are positive into, negative out of specified terminal.

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (R.C.)**

This module has been designed to operate over a wide range of input and output conditions. However, best efficiency and performance will be obtained if the module is operated under the condition listed in the 'R.C.' column. Min. and Max. columns indicate values beyond which the inverter, although operational, will not function optimally.

Parameter	Symbol	Recommended Operating Conditions			Unite	
i arameter	Symbol	Min	R.C.	Max	Units	
Input Supply Voltage Range (Fully Regulated Lamp Current)	V <sub>IN</sub>	4.75	5	5.25	V	
Input Supply Voltage Range (Functional)		4.5	5	5.5		
Output Power	Po		4.5	5.5	W	
Linear BRITE Control Input Voltage Range	V <sub>BRT_ADJ</sub>	0		2.0	V	
Lamp Operating Voltage	VLAMP	320	370	420	V <sub>RMS</sub> <sup>1</sup>	
Lamp Current (Full Brightness, per lamp)	IOLAMP	5.0		6.0	mA <sub>RMS</sub> <sup>2</sup>	
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T <sub>A</sub>	-30		80	C°	
1 Deced on single leven where an example of the second state of this second mean and the false triangles of the fault detection size. It is						

<sup>1</sup> Based on single lamp voltage measurement, use of lamps outside of this range may result is false triggering of the fault detection circuitry.

<sup>2</sup>At input voltages below 5V the inverter may not be able to output the full 6mA<sub>RMS</sub> per lamp in all configurations.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Unless otherwise specified, the following specifications apply over the recommended operating condition and ambient temperature of  $0^{\circ}$ C to  $60^{\circ}$ C except where otherwise noted.

Parameter		Symbol	Tost Conditions	LXMG1626-05-46			Unite
	Falameter	Symbol	Test conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
	OUTPUT PIN CHARACTERISTICS						
	Full Bright Lamp Current (two lamps)	I <sub>L(MAX)</sub>	$V_{BRT\_ADJ} \ge 2.0V, \overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V, V_{IN} = 5V$ I <sub>SET</sub> = Ground	9	10	11	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
	Full Bright Lamp Current (two lamps)	I <sub>L(MAX)</sub>	$V_{BRT_{ADJ}} \ge 2.0V, \overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V, V_{IN} = 5V$ I <sub>SET</sub> = Open	11	12	13	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
	Output Current Lamp to Lamp Deviation	I <sub>LL%DEV</sub>	$V_{BRT_{ADJ}} \ge 2.0V, \overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V, V_{IN} = 5V$ I <sub>SET</sub> = Open		5		%
	Min. Average Lamp Current	I <sub>L(MIN)</sub>	$V_{BRT_{ADJ}} = 0V$ , $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$ , $V_{IN} = 5V$ $I_{SET} = Ground$ ; $I_{OUT} = I_{MAX} * SQRT$ of % duty cycle		1.6		mA <sub>RMS</sub>
	Lamp Start Voltage	V <sub>LS</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> > 4.5V	1250	1400		$V_{\text{RMS}}$
	Operating Frequency	fo	$V_{BRT\_ADJ}$ = 2.0V, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$ , $V_{IN}$ = 5V	55.2	57.6	60	kHz
	Burst Frequency	<b>f</b> <sub>BURST</sub>	Output Burst Frequency	215	225	235	Hz
	FAULT Output Voltage High	FAULT <sub>VH</sub>	FAULT = -10uA	2.9	3.4		V
	FAULT Output Voltage Low	FAULT <sub>VL</sub>	FAULT = 10uA		0.3	0.8	V

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LXMG1626-05-46

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**PRODUCTION DATASHEET** 

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

Unless otherwise specified, the following specifications apply over the recommended operating condition and ambient temperature of  $0^{\circ}$ C to  $60^{\circ}$ C except where otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	LXMG1626-05-46			Unito
Falameter	Symbol	Test conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
BRITE INPUT						
Input Current	Ілот	V <sub>BRT_ADJ</sub> = 0V		-13		μA <sub>DC</sub>
	'BRI	V <sub>BRT_ADJ</sub> = 3V		1		$\mu A_{DC}$
Minimum Input for Max. Lamp Current	$V_{BRT\_ADJ}$	I <sub>O(LAMP)</sub> = Maximum Lamp Current		1.9	2.0	V
Maximum Input for Min. Lamp Current	$V_{\text{BRT}_{\text{ADJ}}}$	I <sub>O(LAMP)</sub> = Minimum Lamp Current	0			V
SLEEP BAR INPUT				•		
RUN Mode	V		2.1		V <sub>IN</sub>	V
SLEEP Mode	V		-0.3		0.8	V
SET INPUT						
SET Low Threshold	VL				0.4	V
Input Current	I <sub>SET</sub>	$V_{SET} \le 0.4V$		-420		μA
POWER CHARACTERISTICS		·				
Sleep Current	I <sub>IN(MIN)</sub>	$V_{IN} = 5V, \ \overline{SLEEP} \le 0.8V$	0.0	12	50	$\mu A_{DC}$
Run Current	I <sub>IN(RUN)</sub>	$V_{IN}$ = 5V, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$ , $I_{SET}$ = Ground $V_{LAMP}$ = 370 $V_{RMS}$		870		mA <sub>DC</sub>
Efficiency		$V_{IN} = 5V, \overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V, I_{SET} = Ground$		95		0/_

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#### FUNCTIONAL PIN DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTION

 $V_{IAMP} = 370V_{RMS}$ 

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CN1 (Molex 53261-0871 or equivalent) Mates with 51021-0800 housing, 50079-8100 pins. Mates with LX9501G input cable assembly

VIN	Main Input Power Supply (4.75V $\leq$ V <sub>IN</sub> $\leq$ 5.25V)					
- 111						
GND	Power Supply Return					
GND						
SLEEP	ON/OFF Control. (0V < $\overline{\text{SLEEP}} \le 0.8 = \text{OFF}$ , $\overline{\text{SLEEP}} \ge 2.1\text{V} = \text{ON}$					
BRITE	Brightness Control (0V to 2.0V). 2.0V gives maximum lamp current.					
SET	Connecting this pin to ground decreases the output current (see Table 1)					
FAULT	High Impedance Output that indicates lamp status, high indicates fault (see figure 2 on page 5)					
CN2 for LXMG1626-05-46 (JST SM03(4.0)B-BHS-1-TB(LF)(SN) or Yeon Ho 20015WR-07A00 or equivalent )						
V <sub>HI1</sub>	High voltage connection to high side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with shortest lead length. <b>DO NOT</b> connect to ground.					
V <sub>HI2</sub>	High voltage connection to high side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with shortest lead length. <b>DO NOT</b> connect to ground.					
NC	No Connect					
V <sub>LO</sub>	Connection to low side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with longer lead length. <b>DO NOT</b> connect to ground					
	V <sub>IN</sub> GND SLEEP BRITE SET FAULT MG1626-05-4 V <sub>HI1</sub> V <sub>HI2</sub> NC V <sub>LO</sub>					



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**PRODUCTION DATASHEET** 

#### TABLE 1

### **OUTPUT CURRENT SETTINGS**

SET₁ (Pin 7)	Nominal Output Current			
Open*	12mA			
Ground	10mA			
* If driven have been simplified and he are collected as an end of a state water and a subtance as we				

If driven by a logic signal it should be open collector or open drain only, not a voltage source.





Rev. 1.1, 2007-10-25

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Page 4

PACKAGE DATA



LXMG1626-05-46

5V Dual 6W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module

#### **PRODUCTION DATASHEET**

## TYPICAL APPLICATION



**Figure 1** – Brightness Control (Output current set to maximum)







Under some conditions the second lamp will also shutdown, this is especially true if the inverter draws an arc going open or when shorted.

- The brightness control may be a voltage output DAC or other voltage source, a digital pot or 500k manual pot. The inverter contains an internal 215k pull-up to 3V to bias the pot. A 3.3V Logic Level PWM signal from a microcontroller may also be used as shown in Figure 1A.
- If you need to turn the inverter ON/OFF remotely, connect to TTL logic signal to the SLEEP input.
- Connect V<sub>HI1</sub> and V<sub>HI2</sub> to high voltage wires from the lamps. Connect V<sub>LO</sub> to the low voltage lamp return wire (wire with thinner insulation). Never connect V<sub>LO</sub> to circuit ground as this will defeat lamp current regulation.
- Use the SET input to program the desired maximum output current. Generally the best lamp lifetime correlates with driving the CCFL at the manufacture's nominal current setting.
- Typically the SET pin is permanently wired to ground or intentionally left open. However it can also be actively driven, using an open collector or open drain logic signal. This will allow dynamic adjustment of the lamp current for situations where greater dim range is required, as an example in nighttime situations. In conjunction with a light sensor or other timer, the panel could be set to higher brightness (maximum output current) for daytime illumination and lower brightness (minimum or typical output current) at nighttime. Since the dimming ratio is a factor of both the burst duty cycle and the peak output current, by using this technique the effective dim ratio can be increased greater than what the burst duty cycle alone could provide. Conversely, the SET input could be used to overdrive the lamp current temporarily. Of course, any possible degradation of lamp life from such practices is the user's responsibility since not all lamps are designed to be under or overdriven.
- Input connector (CN1-8) FAULT signal which is normally low will toggle high to indicate that an output fault condition has occurred as summarized in the table to the left figure 2. FAULT will toggle high if one or both lamps are open or short circuited. If only one lamp opens, or its high side shorts to ground then the other lamp should continue to operate with the FAULT signal going high. If both lamps open and/or both lamps are shorted the FAULT will toggle high if it is not already high and the inverter output will shutdown. Also if either low side connection of the lamps is shorted to ground, or the lamps are shorted high side to low side, FAULT will go high and the inverter will shutdown. In order to restart the inverter after a fault it is necessary to toggle the  $\overline{SLEEP}$  input or cycle the V<sub>IN</sub> input supply. In fault induced shutdown mode the inverter will draw about 15mA from V<sub>IN</sub> supply.



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## NOTES

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